

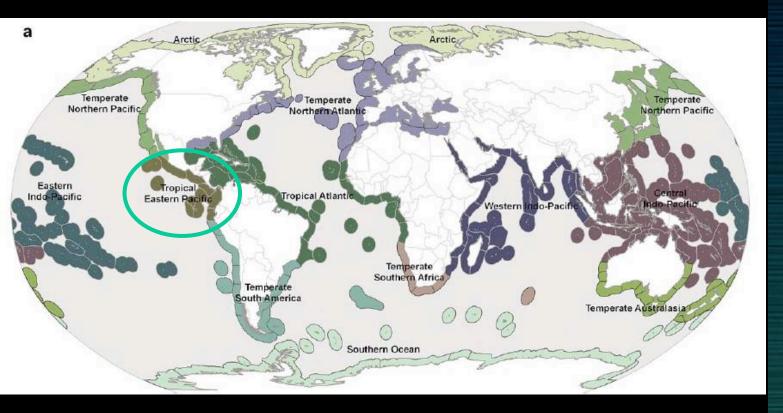


Zoanthids for sale... beyond their use in reef aquaria

Karla B. Jaramillo, Paul O. Guillen, Miriam Reverter, Jenny Rodriguez, and Olivier P. Thomas



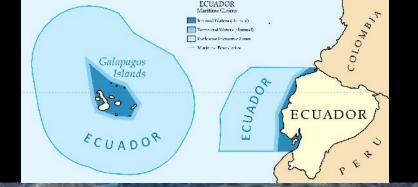
Crete 06 September 2017



The Tropical Eastern Pacific has been largely ignored for marine biodiscovery. Low involvement of Latin American countries on the coasts. Novelty in Marine Biodiscovery

A large part of our oceans has been underexplored:

- Microbes
- Polar regions
- Deep-sea
- Some ecoregions have been less
 - explored, mainly due to low levels of scientific support/interest.





Refurbishment of a marine centre in the mainland coast of Ecuador (10,000,000 euros) in 2015 benefiting from strong political support. Aquaculture and Marine Biodiversity (Jenny Rodriguez)

Bioprospecting the TEP

Only few marine stations on the Tropical Eastern Pacific coasts.

- Some geographical areas with largely undescribed biodiversity and chemodiversity
- Training students and researchers for a sustainable use of their marine biodiversity





Scarce scientific knowledge

No detailed inventory of the marine biodiversity in this region. No real taxonomic expertise in marine invertebrates: only Photo Based Taxonomy. Building a marine repository through training.

Development of a biodiscovery workflow: preparation of fractions, first chemical and biological screenings and purification of compounds. Structure analysis NMR MS at NUIG



Main groups

Unfortunately low sponge cover and diversity

Cnidarians highly present in this region. Especially from the class Anthozoans.

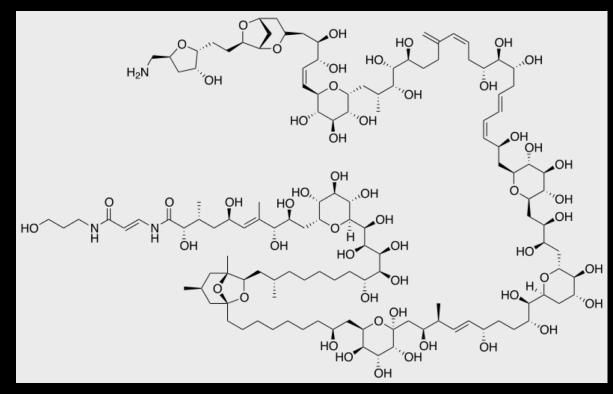
Importance of the taxonomy for this group as the diversity has been found to be very high.

Octocorallia but also hexacorallia like zoantharians

REEF AQUARIA

Classification: Biota

> <u>Animalia</u> (Kingdom) > <u>Cnidaria</u> (Phylum) > <u>Anthozoa</u> (Cl ass) > <u>Hexacorallia</u> (Subclass) > <u>Zoantharia</u> (Order)



Palytoxin, the most toxic non-protein natural substance isolated first from *Palythoa toxica* limu-make-o-Hana in Maui Hawaii (Seaweed of Death from Hana) HI Then produced by dinoflagellate



Zoantharians in Marine Biodiscovery

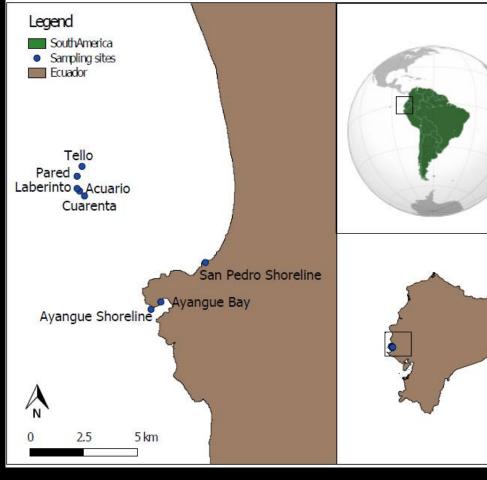
Cnidarians of the order Zoantharia are largely present in some marine ecosystems like the Mediterranean, the Caribbean and spread over the Indo-Pacific. Also present in the deep sea. High cover in the TEP of Ecuador

Largely overlooked despite production of important families of compounds.



Frederic Sinniger

Karla Jaramillo PhD Student



Zoantharians in the TEP

At least 7 species present in a small Marine Protected Area called El Pelado.

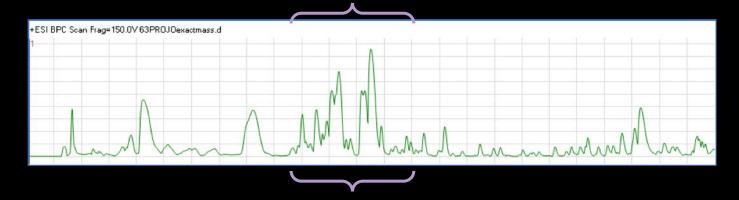
Macrocnemina: Antipathozoanthus, Parazoanthus, Terrazoanthus

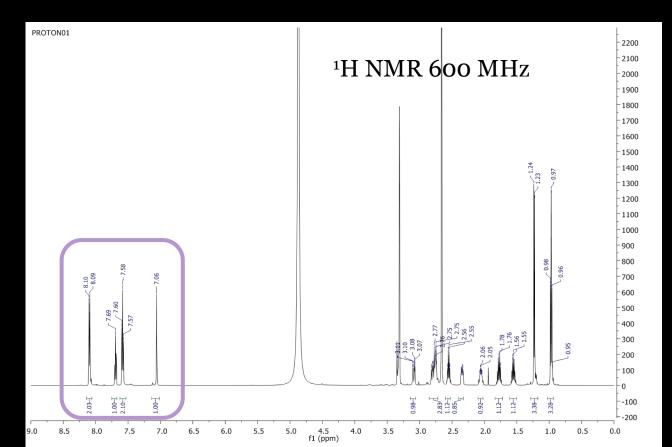
Brachycnemina: Zoanthus, Palythoa





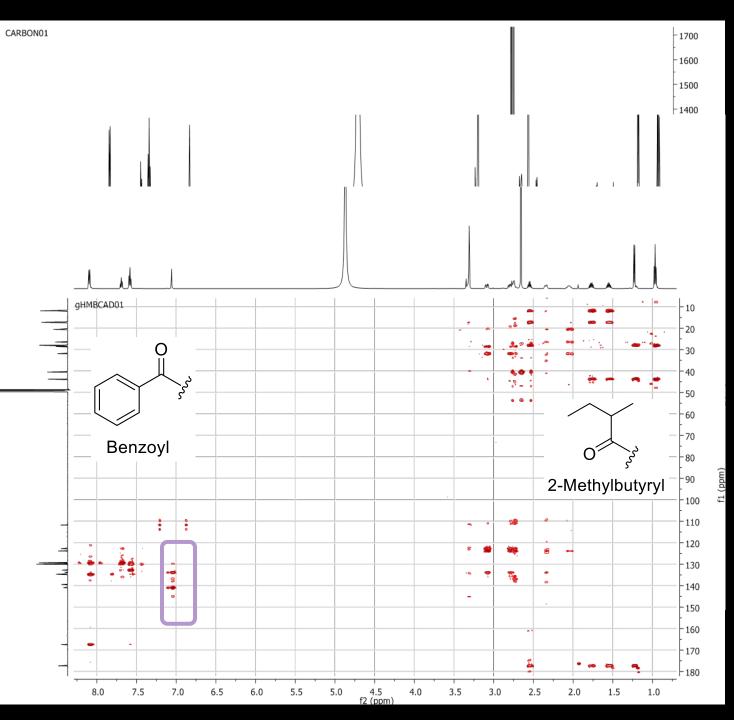
UHPLC-HRMS evidenced unusual masses





Terrazoanthus onoi Genetics close to *T. patagonichus* Alkaloids and ecdysteroids found as major compounds by classical NPC. Major compound m/z 497. Rule of N? Interesting aromatic signals, two methyls. Neither zoanthoxanthins nor ecdysteroids.

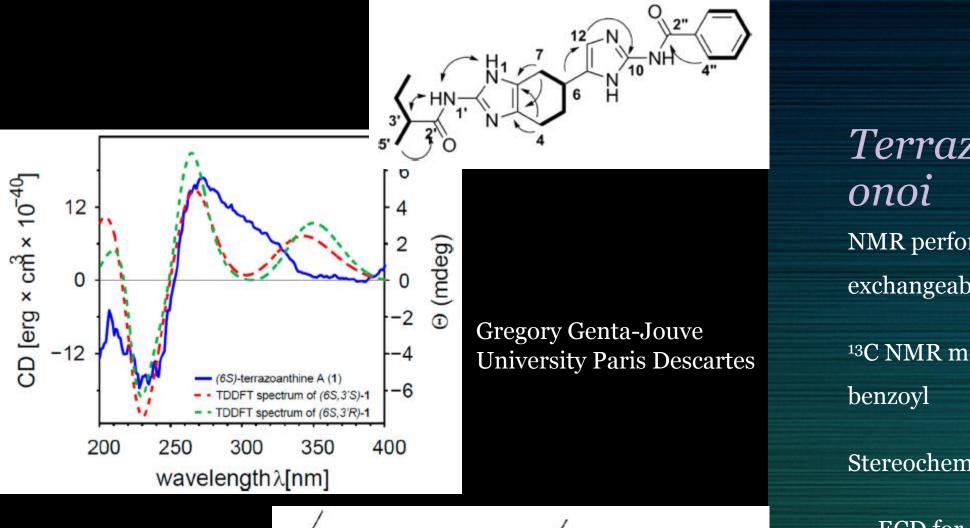
Paul Guillen (PhD Student)



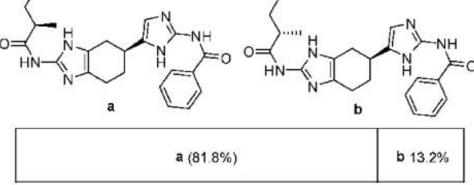
Terrazoanthus onoi More than one phenyl and two carbonyls: heteroaromatics?

Non equivalent gem protons on two methylenes: cycle?

Benzoyl and 2-methylbutyryl confirmed.



Total synthesis ongoing Paul Murphy NUI Galway



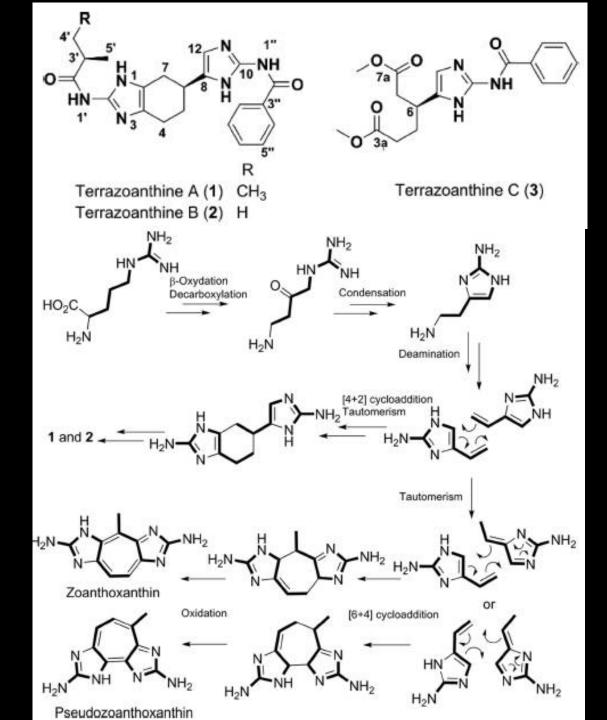
TerrazoanthusonoiNMR performed in DMSO-d6 forexchangeable protons.

¹³C NMR modeling for the place of the benzoyl

Stereochemistry: another challenge.

- ECD for chiral center at C-6

13C NMR modelling and DP4 for the chiral center at C-3'



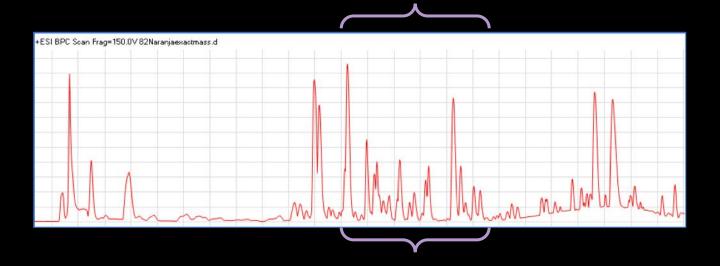
Terrazoanthus onoi Three analogues, C may be produced by

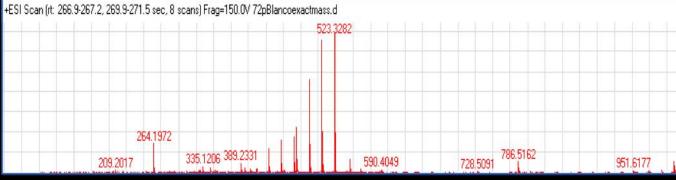
oxidative cleavage of the second 2aminoimidazole

The proposed biosynthesis links the terrazoanthines to the previously known zoanthoxanthins. Key Diels Alder type reaction may be involved as proposed by Buchi.

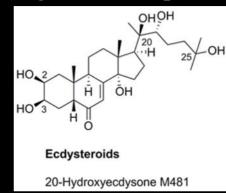
[4+2} and [6+4] cycloadditions may explain the diversity of alkaloids

Guillen et al. Organic Letters 2017





Typical mass fragmentation pattern of ecdysteroids



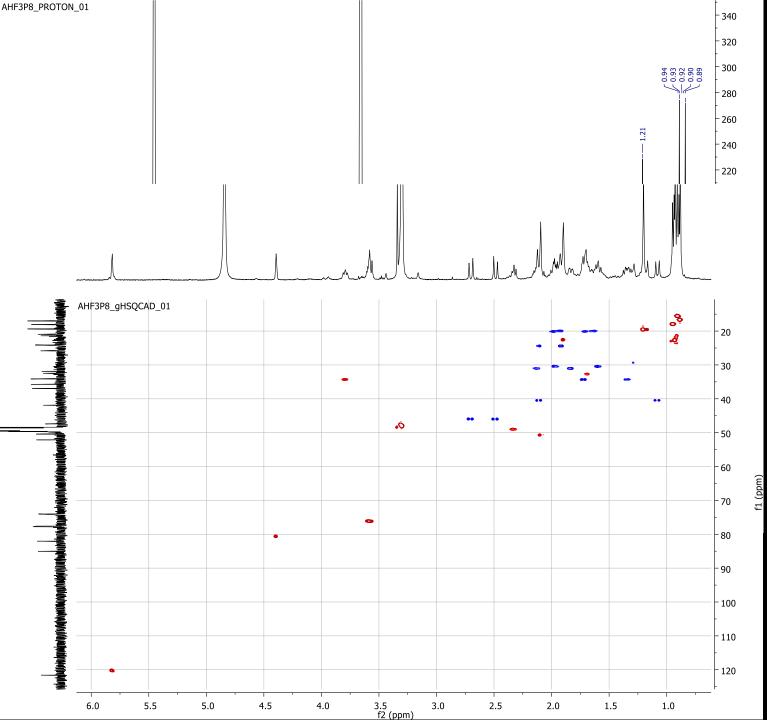
Antipathozoanthus hickmani

Large diversity of ecdysteroids, some of them with unknown masses!

Isolation and purification of the major compounds produced by this species targeting the ecdysteroids

Markers of zoantarians?

Also produced by shrimps and insects as a molting hormone.



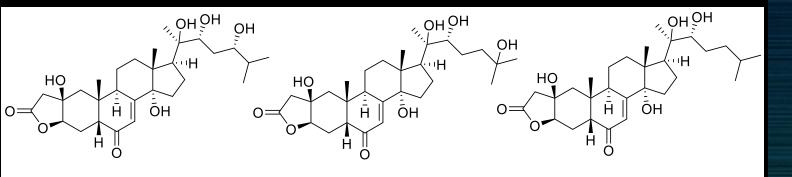
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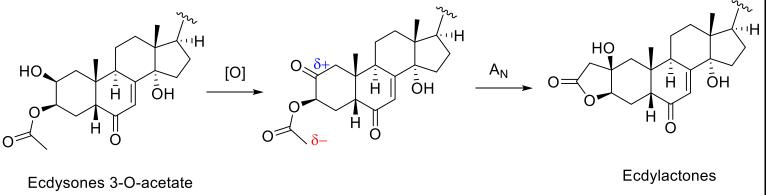
Usual olefinic proton and other oxygenated methines.

Uncommon AB system.



Ecdylactones





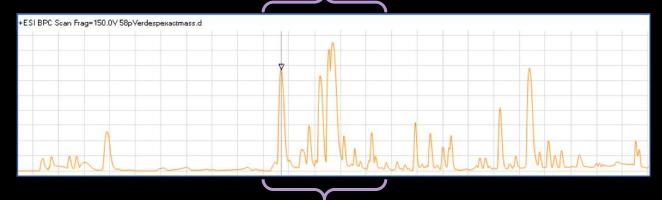
Antipathozoanthus hickmani

New lactone system fused on ring A.

Diversity of analogues never seen in ecdysteroids.

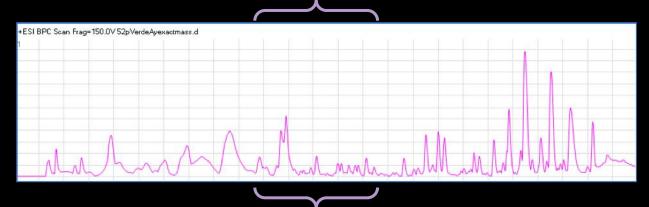
Possible production by oxidation at C-2/cyclisation from the 3-O-acetate analogue

Zoanthus sp1.



Zoanthus sp2.

sp1







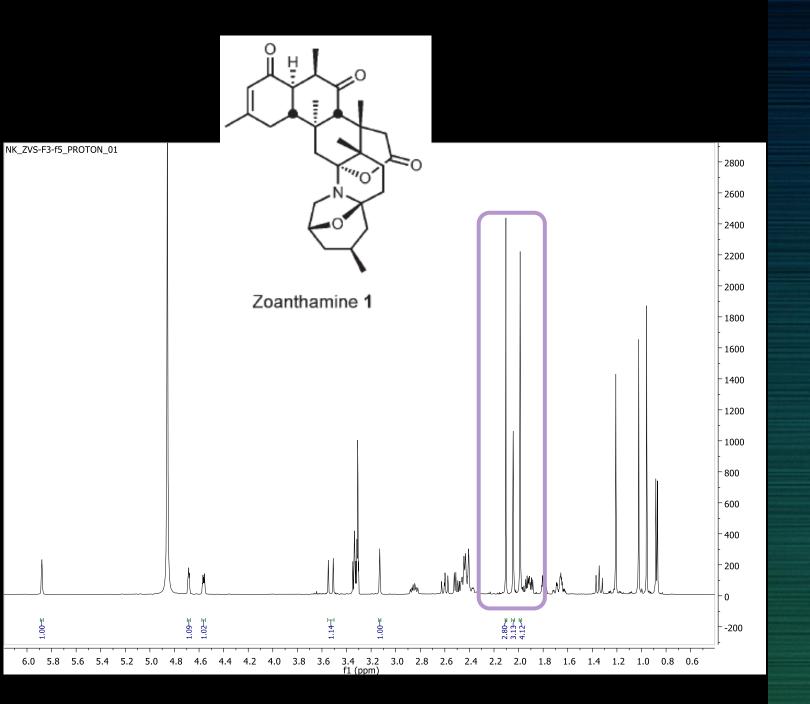
sp2

Zoanthus sp.

DNA shows clear differences between these two shallow water and intertidal species.

Chemical profiling confirms this difference.

Search in the literature suggests that Zoanthus sp1. produces non aromatic alkaloids that could belong to the zoanthamine family.



Zoanthus sp1. Widespread in the coastline

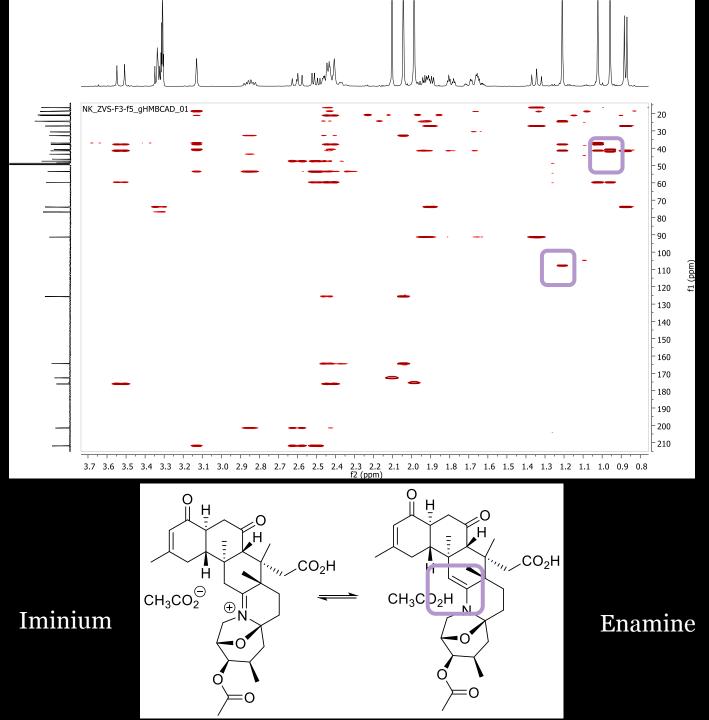
Large diversity of zoanthamine analogues with new masses.

The major compound isolated: 25 mg.

New signals in the NMR spectra.

Norzoanthamine

Three methyls instead of one for usual zoanthamines at around 2 ppm



Zoanthus **sp1.** A norzoanthamine with a O-acetyl at

C-3

Some signals missing in HMBC and 13C!

Acido-basic equilibrium iminium/enamine

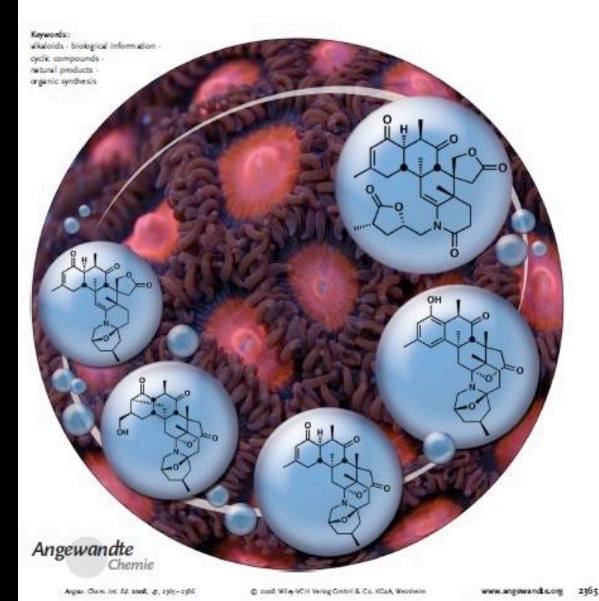
New norzoanthamine. Others to come.

DOI: 10.1002/anie.200708172

Marine Natural Products

The Biology and Chemistry of the Zoanthamine Alkaloids

Douglas C. Behenna, Jennifer L. Stockdill, and Brian M. Stoltz*



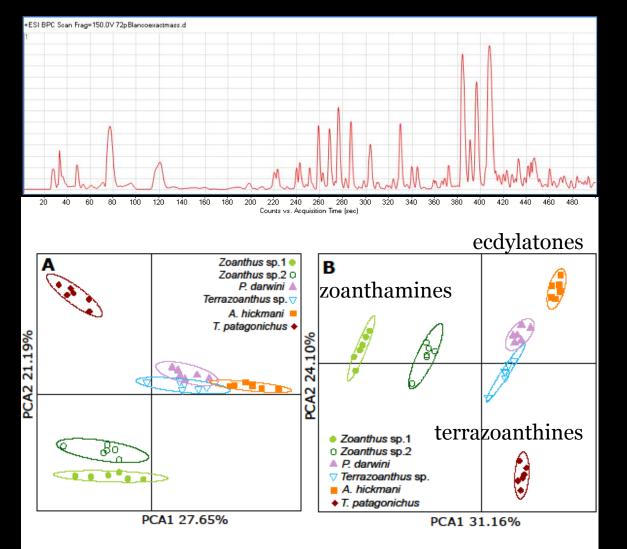
Zoanthus sp1.

Zoanthamines are promising candidates for marine biodiscovery pipeline.

Chemical library ready for testing at Fundacion Medina - Granada



Fundación MEDINA Discovering the Future 6 replicates of 6 different species of zoantharians collected in different habitats and time. Simple process with 250 mg of dry material, SPE C18 elution MeOH. Injection in UHPLC-QToF



Including minor

Focusing major (Area>10⁶)

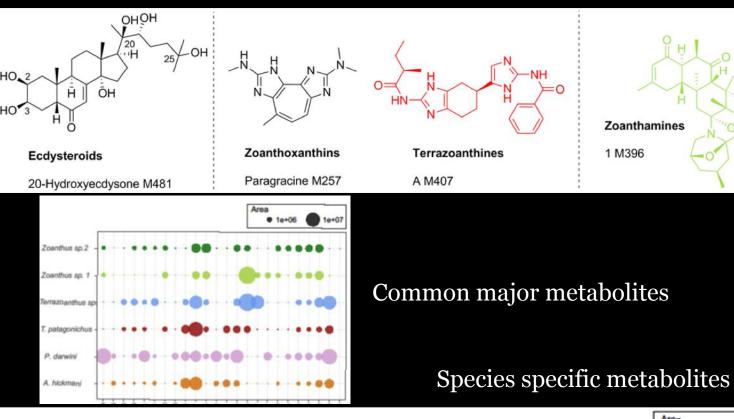
Phylometabolomic
analysisWhy appropriate for Zoantharia?Checklist:• Morphological and genetic data

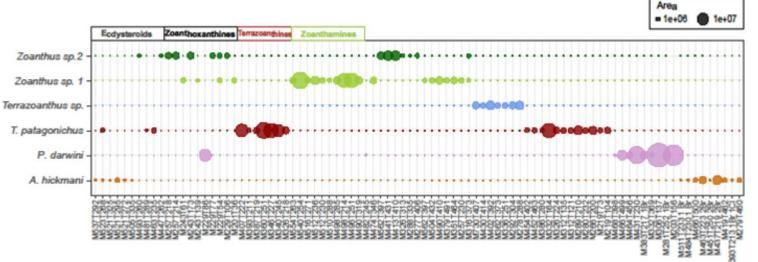
- Some specialized metabolites identified

- Easily ionized for detection in MS

If not the environment can drive the metabolomics profiles.

Karla Jaramillo and Miriam Reverter





Phylometabolomic analysis

Does not fit perfectly with the phylogenetic tree. Hypotheses.

However:

- No overlap between different species replicates
- Zoanthus are grouped mainly due to minor compounds

Markers of the dissimilarity.

Conclusive comments



Exploration of understudied ecoregions is still promising for Marine Biodiscovery. Extending global knowledge on the marine biodiversity and chemical diversity. Training of taxonomists and chemists in countries with high biodiversity. Zoantharia should be considered in a usual marine biodiscovery workflow. Construction of repositories and chemical libraries for screening. Promotion of win/win international collaborations Uses of the isolated metabolites: drug discovery and ecological understanding like phylometabolomics



National Marine Biodiscovery Laboratory in Ireland















Minoan civilization





Trade Routes of the Mycenaeans and Minoans



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